

<b>UG</b>	<b>Department: Humanities &amp; Social Sciences</b>
<b>Course Name :</b>	<b>Indian Constitution and Polity</b>
<b>Course Code:</b>	<b>HST-407</b>
<b>Credit:</b>	<b>3(L-T-P: 2-1-0)</b>
<b>Version:</b>	<b>Open Elective</b>
<b>Pre-requisite course:</b>	<b>Nil</b>
<p><b>Objectives:</b> The objective of the course is how to deal and adjust in the society under government regulations. Constitution is the highest law of the land and every department owes its origin to its laws. To make governance better an engineer must conduce to E-governance through computers and knowledge of cyber laws. An engineer must know the limits of state action and regulations by acquainting himself with the laws that applied by the bureaucrats.</p> <p>Since an engineer works at different places and sights, he must have the basic knowledge of centre – state relations with reference to policy of financing the key projects. The knowledge of Constitution is necessary for him in order to ensure that the rules and regulations under which public and private sector works, do not violate the provisions of the Constitution. Knowledge of corporate culture is necessary for him. He must understand the compulsions of the public private partnership and philosophy of state ownership of key industries.</p>	
<p><b>Syllabus</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Introduction to Constitution of India.</li> <li>2. Role of Public Sector Undertakings in economic development.</li> <li>3. Public policy making in India and influence of new globalised world order</li> <li>4. I.T.Law in India - Section 4-10 of I.T Act :Cyber laws in India - Section 43-47 of I.T Act -Section 65-78 of I.T Act</li> <li>5. E-Governance and role of engineers in E-Governance.</li> <li>6. Socialist policy of India and its relevance.</li> <li>7. Role of Planning Commission in economic development.</li> <li>8. Finance Commission and centre-State relations</li> <li>9. Fundamental Rights and Fundamental Duties.</li> <li>10. Directive Principles of State Policy.</li> <li>11. Politics of Industrialization in India and the policy of Liberalization Privatization and Globalization (LPG)</li> <li>12. Need for reformed engineering serving at the Union and State level.</li> <li>13. Role of I.T. professionals in Judiciary</li> <li>14. Problem of Alienation and Secessionism in few states creating hurdles in Industrial development.</li> </ol> <p>References:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. An Introduction to the Constitution of India by: Brij Kishore Sharma</li> <li>2. Relevant document related Government of India Policy.</li> <li>3. Cyber Law by Dr. Gupta and Agarwal.</li> <li>4. www.indiancourts.nic.in</li> <li>5. Public Administration by Awasthi and Maheshwari</li> </ol>	